

Social and demographic characteristics of child sexual abuser A field study in Annaba

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ABSTRACT: *The retardation and reluctance of young people to marry despite the legal age, have serious consequences on the individual and on society and the most serious consequences of deviations and sexual offences where the unemployment is the most important cause of this reluctance by the attendant of the space and physical deficiency push unemployment to satisfy sexual indulging his impulse illegally and have children of victims where the most egregious violations such as sexual abuse and left the devastating effects on the child's all-round psychological, relational to knead, as their effects on Society through the spread of Vice, who wish to study by this article, is the impact of demographic and social character of child sexual abuser like the role of unemployment as an obstacle between the youth and legal marriage to adopt deviant behavior to satisfy unemployed indulging his impulse and including sexual gratification through the child.*

KEYWORDS—*sexual abuse child- marriage-unemployment*

I. INTRODUCTION

The modification in the marriage system caused some social problems such as the retardation among the young people, they get married older and some of them delayed their marriage or refuse to get married younger, besides changes and the development in economic, social and cultural aspects caused the previous problems especially after the independence of Algeria, if we compare the ratio percent of the marriage with the course of the marriage now, we will notice that the average of marriage, the average age of marriage and the marriage procedure and celibacy, as the average age of first marriage and continues, in 1966 was 18 years In 2002, reaching up to 30 years, this rise has led to an increase in the proportion of celibacy within society where single rate in the age group (20-24 years) has increased significantly, with the percentage of singlehood in 1960 is estimated at 11 percent and increased to 83% in 2002, this change was not confined to limited areas such as urban and rural or northern regions of the South, although rural and southern greener habits and social values in Algeria, where investigations During the 1992 and 2002 (Zahra macadam, 2013).

Unemployment is the cause of reluctance of young people to marry as shown by the study of Amel Ben Aissa (2008), entitled "The phenomenon of spinsterhood in Algeria", which was aiming to identify the causes of the spread of spinsterhood in the Algerian society, through the living conditions of the Algerian youth and the upbringing of the girl as well as the possibility of making fornication by the light of social change and the lack of religious factors; as a result the living conditions of young people contributed for the spread of the phenomenon, so unemployment, the difficulty of housing access and the rising costs of marriage constituted the most important factors that deprive the young man to marry, as well as, the impact of the scientific level of women concerning the marriage which was encouraged by the mother, and the absence of religious factors.

precarious or lack of income resulting from unemployment, is considered as an influential factor for the emergence of crime and sexual deviations, as the economic deprivation does not allow for young people fair and equal opportunities to realize their needs and requirements in a legal social field but it supports them with frustration and engender violence (Khaled Zeouaoui, 2004), establishment a family is legitimate needs by a legal marriage which represents the finest mechanism in line with the standards ensure continued community organizer in its effect on the libido when human beings that are not sized and organized into animal-like life and become its own grouping closer to anarchism (Maani Khalil, 1994),

On the grounds that the reluctance of young people to marry will increase the susceptibility of the individual to be a criminal and subjected to a certain criminal act, because the absence of family and children help to be free from commitment and therefore pays to deviant behavior, unemployment engender frustration and unbalance that cause alienation and get rid of his commitment of social norms and values, acquiring standards highlight the deviant behavior, expressed by Emile Durkheim as anomia "When the individual finds himself unable to work, despite of his ability and desire to do so, but society does not give him the opportunity" (Suleiman Abdel Moneim Suleiman), thus, shows the importance of working as a basic factor as it is supported by theory of social cohesion, which is based on two basic elements, highlight through which act as a basic factor what is called commitment means; the commitment of the individual to the principles of public life of the

community, objectives and Participation through individual investment of his time and effort to contribute effectively in business and daily occupations, in terms of and behavioral rules agreed by society, the theory considers work as one of the most motivated participation and commitment within the community which enhances bonding inside and reduces the margin of deviation, rebellion, criminal behaviors' and all the disruption in the function of the commitment and contribution would open the way for the emergence of rejected socially behavior's and punishable by law.

Another studies shed the light on an important factor of unemployment secretions, is the idleness that is produced to illustrate the risk of unemployment and how it is related to offenses and sexual crime, particularly through the idleness that is produced as a study of " Sadhan " to investigate the idleness relationship with juvenile delinquency, by the year 1413 in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in Riyadh carried out on a hundred juvenile delinquents and the same number of misfit, explaining that there is a high statistically significant positive correlation between idleness and delinquency, the idleness that is often the result of unemployment, supports what" Essaif" said, that the Studies in Criminology meeting, held in the Saudi society, may prove that the phenomenon of delinquency and crime linked to the size of spare time, and pointed out that he had a study carried out by" Al-Faleh" that most drug abusers convicted wandering in" Riyadh" have seen idleness for more five hours per day, and many of the convicted have said explicitly that leisure time was the chief factor of drug use, also he said that in his study of social factors associated with sexual crime pattern explained that there is a direct correlation between leisure time and this crime, it was found that 40.1% of convicted sex crimes have leisure time starting per day from 7-12 hours and 35% have 12 hours and more free time (Ahmad Houiti ,1428).

II. IPROBLIMATIC

so face such obstacles surely it will have a very negative impact on adults sexual orientation which we have seen during the last period of time through abuses whom the child will be the victim and subject of sex, which usually begins with the kidnapping of children to finish him after the rape to obscure the effects of crime, These attacks topped front pages has been investigated the Algerian national gendarmerie command representative said in a statement on the role of the national gendarmerie in protecting events during the International Forum on debt information and social network application that the gendarmerie units recorded since the start of the 2013 until October 2013 1514 a minor victim of violence mostly males of 430 male , Where crimes of indecent acts by 526 cases and rape by 89 case after beating and wounding induced and willful murders followed by 23, meet these results as with juvenile police in Algeria over the entire national territory.

"Abraham" and" Aaron " two children from Constantine (town in Algeria) were an example of the tragedy of the Algerian people and which was among many assaults over the killing of the children, prompting outraged, demanding the death sentence for killers and grabbers of children , the risk of sexual abuse suffered by a physician specialized in forensic medicine Annaba (Belkhalda Nasreen,2014) in a presentation titled (cases of mortal abuse) reflected a 10-year-old girl has been sexually assaulted repeatedly by stepfather followed by a burning cigarette and beating to Death, cases like this not only through statistics, Department of forensic medicine in the period from January 2014 and 2014 any 5 months counted the number of cases of violence against children: 316, 70% hit and injured a deliberate sexual violence 17% 13% hit and non-intentional injuries, numbers do not reflect the numbers as experienced by children in the ground and a problematic figure presents the black monastery this sexual orientation towards child ,for that we try to identify the characteristics of sexually abused children to know the factors of this deviant sexual orientation by an adult suppose in legal age for marriage.

III. HYPOTHESIS

- 1- **The main hypothesis** : There is not a correlation between child sexual Abuser unemployment and unmarried .
- 2- **Partial first hypothesis:** There was not statistically significant between the unmarried and sexual abuse of children.
- 3- **Partial second hypothesis:** There was not statistically significant between the unemployment and sexual abuse of children.
- 4- **Partial third hypothesis:** there was not statistically significant between the Assault Space and sexual abuse of children .

IV. CONCEPTUAL ISSUES

4.1 CONCEPTUALISSUE

4.1.1-RELUCTANCE TO MARRY

• **Marriage from an idiomatic point of view is:** "an interrelated, complex, social and human relationship where characteristics are derived from the customs and traditions of the communities, and then there was a great diversity of forms and types of marriage and its indicators." (Mustafa Khashab.1985: 1) as defined by" Marwan Ibrahim Elqaisi": "marriage is the legal sexual satisfaction and the right way to do sex not only in Islam but also for sexologists and sociologists minds.

According to Article IV of the Algerian Family Code: "A legal contract made between man and woman. Its objective is to making affection, compassion and cooperation based family, as well as to protecting couple and maintaining lineages." (Ministry of Justice 2002: 5).

• **Reluctance to marry:** is intended to refrain from legal and legitimate pairing between man and woman to make a family, this reluctance can be intentional or obligatory and refer in this study by (unmarried despite legal age)

4.1.2-CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

• **Child in Sociology:** the concept of child in dispute among them, as some believe that childhood begins from the moment of birth until adulthood, and they vary from culture to culture, and from one State to another, the end of puberty, marriage, or by specifying the State of specific age where childhood ends, while others consider that childhood begins with the birth until the child is 12 years old and some believe that Childhood begins with birth and ends at puberty. (Muntaser said Hamouda, 2007: 10)

• **Child in legal terms:** the United Nations Convention on the rights of the child and ratified its 1990 and ratified by Algeria in 1992 this document identified the child as "every human being below the age of 18 years only unless national laws older smaller majority." and this concept makes all of it is under 18 years of age children needed parental care, family, community and educational bodies " (Enfant. Petit Robert, 1978, p.641)

• **Child in Algerian law:** the Algerian legislature has not expressly defines the meaning of the child, the concept stems from several legal texts Article 442 according to "the age of majority at 18 years penal." according to the Penal Code, the age of majority is 18 years.(Ordinance No. 66-156 of 8 June 1966, the Penal Code amended and complementary).

However, article 40 stipulates that: "the age of majority is nineteen years.", And is confirmed by article 4 of the law on nationality "means the legal age in the age of civil majority article 7 family law" complete men and women in marriage at 19 years ", this means that the child is not yet complete for 19 years. (Ordinance No. 66-156 of 8 June 1966, the Penal Code amended and complementary).

• **Child Sexual abuse :** "Is the use of children to satisfy sexual desires of adult or teenager, and it includes exposing the child to any activity or sexual behavior and sexual harassment often includes children such as contact or campaign on contact with the sexual abuser!" (team of researchers, 1993: p. 162), adds "Raja Makky" and " Sami Ajam" on the above definition that the sexual contact with the child by the use of force and domination and know: " entry adults children of immature and unaware of the very special nature of the relationship and what they are, and they can't give their consent to such relation."(Raja Makky and Sami Ajam 2008: 123) while see (Wilis, 2000) that " the sexual assault wobble between sexual inappropriate behavior and Practices of sex and no means no signs in the body of the child the assault did not occur and it is meaningless by the child.

4.1.3 Unemployment: that anyone exposed to this term recognizes that the definition of unemployment as "not to disrespect any profession". And the fact that this definition is unclear and incomplete, it must give the phenomenon economic size away from interpretations. (David beg, 1999: 213-214)

While known (Chibl Badran, 2002) "focused on the unemployment person of working age and willing and able to him and seek him and not find him, and when the level of remuneration in the labor market. It can be defined according to the broad definition of unemployment recommended by the International Labor Organization, which provides that "the unemployed person for a person who is over a certain age without jobs and is capable of working and willing and looking at the prevailing wage level but does not find him" (Yosri, 1996: 286).

V. METHODOLOGY

This study applied in period from 2013-2014 in the city of Annaba, which is a coastal city, and of the four largest cities in Algeria, divided between the Directorate of security of Annaba and the topic is a problem for us as scientists to the difficulty of finding representative sample we had to resort to several other sources to obtain information or records of the hearing as courts and lawyers offices in many regions of the country would be more familiar with inductive The subject matter ,so the sample induced 58 adults sexual abuser of child recontend the both sexes .

we have chosen descriptive analytical description for the analysis and interpretation of data study, using the statistical program SPSS 15.0 and knead to count frequencies and percentages for each sample, as Age, Sex, space of assault, Social situation (**married, unmarried**) and Economic situation (**worker, unemployed, student...**), and to test the relationship between the variables of study we used Pearson correlation coefficient using the same statistical processor to answer hypotheses of the study.

VI. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

6.1 THE STUDY SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

6.1.1 Table 1: sample distribution by age variable

		AGE			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	19-24	23	39,7	39,7	39,7
	25-30	19	32,8	32,8	72,4
	31-36	12	20,7	20,7	93,1
	+37	4	6,9	6,9	100,0
	Total	58	100,0	100,0	

Comment on table: sample distribution by age variable into four categories where estimated largest Category (19-24) 39.7% followed by category (25-30) and (31-36) convergent rates between 39.7% and 20.7%, and then drops to a very low age more than 37 years, where the middle age is 27 year.

6.1.2 Table 2: distribution of the sample by variable marriage

		Marriage			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	married	4	6,9	6,9	6,9
	unmarried	54	93,1	93,1	100,0
	Total	58	100,0	100,0	

Comment on table: sample distributed by variable marriage, married by 6.9% for the proportion of Unmarried in the age of marriage by 93.1%.

6.1.3 Table 3: distribution of the sample by the unemployment variable :

		Unemployment			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	unemployed	50	86,2	86,2	86,2
	worker	5	8,6	8,6	94,8
	Student	3	5,2	5,2	100,0
	Total	58	100,0	100,0	

Comment on table: sample distributed by variable sexual assailants employed, worker by 8.6% and 5.2% of student, 86.2% of offenders unemployed wish determined the impact of unemployment for this deviation.

6.1.4 Table 4: sample distribution by gender variable:

		SEXE			
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	MAL	53	91,4	91,4	91,4
	FEMELL	5	8,6	8,6	100,0
	Total	58	100,0	100,0	

Comment on table: sample distributed according to the variable sex between sex mal by 91.4% and a very low estimated at 8.6% for female gender, this refers to the feminine element involved in such violations.

6.1.5 Table 5: sample distribution by assault space :

		Assault space			
		Fréquence	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Abuser space	10	17,2	17,2	17,2
	Victims space	14	24,1	24,1	41,4
	others	34	58,6	58,6	100,0
	Total	58	100,0	100,0	

Comment on table: sample distributed according to the assault space between abuser space by 17.2% , victims space by 24.1 and the different space by 58.6.

VII. ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULTS

7.1. The first partial hypothesis:

One-Sample Statistics

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
unemployment	58	1,19	,512	,067

One-Sample Test

	Test Value = 0					
	T	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
unemployment	17,712	57	,000	1,190	1,06	1,32

We reject the null hypothesis so there was statistically significant between unemployment and child sexual abuse at a level of significance of $\alpha 0.05$.

7.2. Second Partial hypothesis

One-Sample Statistics

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
unmarried	58	1,93	,256	,034

One-Sample Test

	Test Value = 0					
	T	Df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
unmarried	57,535	57	,000	1,931	1,86	2,00

There was statistically significant between unmarried despite a legal age and child sexual abuse at a level of significance of $\alpha 0.05$.

7.3 Third Partial hypothesis:

One-Sample Statistics

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Assault space	58	2,41	,773	,102

One-Sample Test

	Test Value = 0					
	T	Df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
					Lower	Upper
Assault space	23,778	57	,000	2,414	2,21	2,62

There was statistically significant between sexual assault space and child sexual abuse at a level of significance of $\alpha 0.05$.

7.3. Main hypothesis:

Descriptive Statistics

	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
unmarried	1,93	,256	58
unemployment	1,19	,512	58

Correlations

		S. situation	E.situation
unmarried	Pearson Correlation	1	-,435**
	Sig. (2-tailed)		,001
	N	58	58
unemployment	Pearson Correlation	-,435**	1
	Sig. (2-tailed)	,001	
	N	58	58

** . Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

The results are presented in a matrix such that, as can be seen, the correlations are replicated. However, the table shows Spearman, the value of the importance and the size of the sample that the calculation was based on. In this example, we can see that of Spearman correlation, Rs is -,435 and that it is statistically significant p =0,001, There was a strong positive correlation between sexual abuser child unemployment and unmarried .

VIII. DISCUSSION

The study of official reports, which included sex offenders on children that the idleness of aggressors time varying between 8 to 12 hours a day, and some of them replaced the night by day where this idleness knew perverted behaviours practiced it as follows: Frequency on the dens of vice where drug and alcohol consumption is so much associated with sexual assault issues on children with companions abuse reinforce and justify criminal behaviour also pointed by Sutherland in Differential association theory, pushing to rape girls and males, sexual trade as it is shown in the graph the most dangerous ones, in terms of conversion and incitement minors on immorality, which is punishable by the Algerian Penal Code, Article 342 (Law No. 06-23, dated on December 20, 2006) because it is not only to satisfy the sexual instinct of the aggressor but also to exploit for sexual trade in order to gain profit, where the assault is repeated and expanded as in the case of some countries that exploit children in sex tourism and the promotion of child pornography.

- Investment leisuretime in the use of mobile phone, telephone communications can lure minors girls or boys by the lack of awareness and susceptibility which is an easy prey for sexual abuse and that contributes to this and reinforces this behaviour, free calls especially at night where commonly used profanity, inspiring sex appetite and erotic instinct becomes an inevitable search for gratification , as is the case in many of the issues addressed in the study, which highlights the role of information technology, both its positive and negative aspects, by the absence of parental control or sexual permissiveness that has become characteristic of many families, instilling western culture and unaware imitation.

The results of this topic study determines the impact of unemployment for unmarried wish push individual to deviance as those of researchers for the study of the relationship between the resulted idleness by unemployment and crime in general, and sexual crime in particular, as the study of " Sadhan" and the Police Research Centre titled "Unemployment and Security in Egypt", which shown a middling relation between the felony of violation, rape and unemployment by a percentage of 0.67% and the study done by "Sadhan" to deduce the relationship between idleness and juvenile delinquency where conclude that 40.1% of convicted sex crimes have leisure time stretching per day from 7 to 12 hours, and 35% have free time 12 hours and more.

IX. CONCLUSION

Child sexual abuser are most often men, but they can also be women despite Very small percentage compared with men, sexual assault can be committed inside the family or outside, as determined in third hypothesis wish explain statistically significant between sexual assault space and child sexual abuse and explain the relation abuser victims or why abuser chosen this victim ,to satisfied his impulse or to exploited for money, but what characterizes sexual abusers of children in this study is the unmarried majority and the unemployment rate two very serious factors, and the most serious if to become this behavior ability adapts by young people in the future especially the reluctance to marry as the share of young people which favorite being unemployed despite the strategies that the Algerian Government has developed to absorb unemployment.

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